

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY
TIDE-PREDICTING MACHINE
AUTOMATIC READ-OUT ATTACHMENT

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IHB Note. — Mr. Burt W. WILCOX was born in Columbus, Ohio. He attended public schools and the Ohio State University there. He received a B. Sc. degree in mathematics and physics and then had a year of graduate work in mathematics.

He joined the staff of the Tides and Currents Division, Coast and Geodetic Survey, U.S. Department of Commerce, as a mathematician in 1930.

He is presently Chief of the Predictions Branch of that Division, which is responsible for the predictions of tides and currents, and the publishing of tide tables covering the world and current tables for United States waters, together with some places in Japan, China, and the Philippines.

The Coast and Geodetic Survey tide-predicting machine was hand-operated for many years — the data being read visually from dials and tabulated by hand. This made it necessary to set the data in type for the tables or make special typewritten copy for offset printing. In January 1958 the installation of an attachment which produced electrically typewritten copy for offset printing was completed. Hereafter this attachment will be called *Data Logger* or *Logger*.

The principal components of the Data Logger or digital converter are housed in a cabinet (fig. 1) which is about two feet square and seven feet high. Air is forced through the cabinet to keep the temperature from exceeding a reasonable operating level. One of the two Digi-Coders in the Logger fixes the pattern for time read-out, and the other controls the height read-out. Two servo systems cause the Digi-Coders to follow precisely the changes in position of the time and amplitude shafts on the tide-predicting machine.

The motor drive of the predicting machine is controlled by the Logger. The speed is maintained almost constant for regular predictions of tides and currents except for a regulated slowdown as the 15th and end of each month are approached. Power to the motor will be shut off and the machine will slow to a stop when the first derivative of the function on the tide predictor is zero. If currents are being predicted a similar stop will be made also when the velocity is zero. When hourly heights or velocities are being tabulated the motor drives the machine at a slower speed and no stops are made for read-out. An adjustable speed control is provided for machine operation when no read-outs are being made or curves only are being drawn.

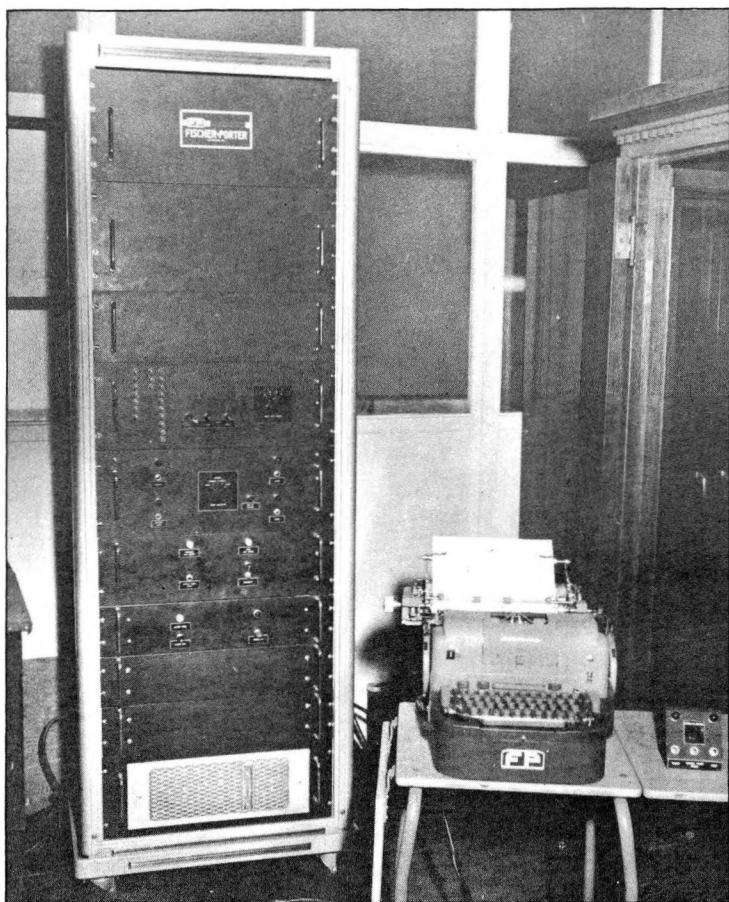


FIG. 1. — Data Logger Cabinet and Typewriter.

Two servo systems pick up the changes in angular position of the time and amplitude shafts on the predicting machine and transmit these changes to the Logger bringing the Digi-Coders into positions corresponding to the predictor's time and amplitude shafts. Two sets of information are picked up from the time shaft : one is a count of 25 pulses to measure each day, and the other is a measure of the hours and minutes in the day. The pickup on the amplitude shaft is more complex (see fig. 2) because the shaft oscillates as the tide or current changes direction; a datum correction must be allowed for, and reducing factors have to be applied.

A solenoid-operated electric typewriter tabulates the data in different formats fixed by the circuitry in the Logger. Figures 3 and 4 show the forms for tides and currents respectively. The new formats of the tide and current tables which had been adopted a year before contributed to the simplification of the Logger. In the tide format (fig. 3) time advances down the column which contains times and heights of high and low waters. These phases are identified by numerical size of the heights. With currents (fig. 4) there is a double column, one for slack-water times, and one for strengths of flood and ebb. Flood and ebb currents are identified by the

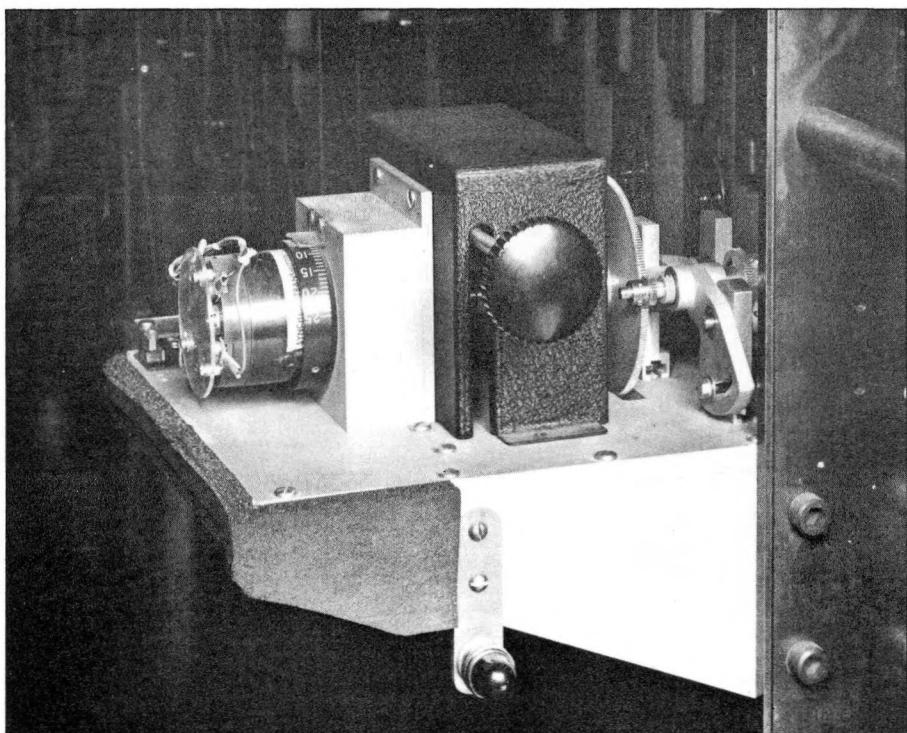


FIG. 2. — Height Synchro Attachment.

symbols f and e respectively.

The Logger reduces the time of predicting a tide-station year by about one hour and eliminates the special typing of hand copy. The pages of tide and tidal-current predictions, after stripping in headings and footnotes, are ready for photographing for offset printing.

Times and Heights of High and Low Waters

JANUARY				FEBRUARY				MARCH			
DAY	Time h. m.	Ht. ft.	DAY	Time h. m.	Ht. ft.	DAY	Time h. m.	Ht. ft.	DAY	Time h. m.	Ht. ft.
M 1	0029	0.3	T16	0119	-0.1	T 1	0138	0.0	F16	0247	0.1
	0646	6.2		0736	6.7		0756	6.6		0901	6.5
	1309	0.2		1400	-0.4		1420	-0.4		1523	-0.3
	1915	5.5		2009	5.9		2028	5.9		2131	5.9
T 2	0119	0.2	W17	0214	-0.1	F 2	0233	-0.3	S17	0336	0.0
	0737	6.5		0830	6.7		0849	6.9		0947	6.6
	1400	-0.1		1455	-0.5		1512	-0.8		1608	-0.4
	2005	5.7		2103	5.9		2120	6.3		2215	6.0
W 3	0208	0.0	T18	0306	-0.1	S 3	0326	-0.7	S18	0420	-0.1
	0826	6.8		0921	6.8		0939	7.3		1029	6.6
	1450	-0.4		1545	-0.6		1603	-1.2		1649	-0.5
	2056	5.9		2152	6.0		2209	6.8		2255	6.2
T 4	0258	-0.3	F19	0355	-0.2	S 4	0417	-1.0	M19	0501	-0.2
	0914	7.0		1006	6.8		1029	7.6		1110	6.7
	1538	-0.7		1631	-0.7		1651	-1.5		1727	-0.5
	2144	6.2		2237	6.0		2259	7.1		2332	6.3
F 5	0347	-0.5	S20	0440	-0.2	M 5	0507	-1.3	T20	0540	-0.3
	1001	7.3		1051	6.8		1119	7.7		1149	6.6
	1625	-1.0		1714	-0.7		1740	-1.6		1803	-0.4
	2231	6.5		2319	6.1		2347	7.3		2149	7.1
S 6	0435	-0.8	S21	0523	-0.2	T 6	0558	-1.4	W21	0009	6.4
	1048	7.5		1132	6.8		1209	7.8		0619	-0.3
	1712	-1.3		1754	-0.7		1828	-1.7		1227	6.5
	2318	6.8								1840	-0.4
S 7	0524	-0.9	M22	0000	6.1	W 7	0036	7.5	T22	0046	6.4
	1136	7.6		0603	-0.2		0648	-1.4		0658	-0.2
	1800	-1.4		1213	6.6		1259	7.6		1304	6.3
				1834	-0.6		1917	-1.6		1917	-0.2
M 8	0007	6.9	T23	0040	6.1	T 8	0126	7.4	F23	0123	6.3
	0613	-1.0		0645	-0.1		0740	-1.3		0737	-0.1
	1225	7.6		1254	6.5		1350	7.3		1344	6.1
	1848	-1.5		1913	-0.4		2007	-1.3		1953	0.0
T 9	0057	7.0	W24	0119	6.0	F 9	0218	7.2	S24	0202	6.3
	0705	-1.0		0727	0.0		0834	-1.0		0818	0.0
	1316	7.4		1334	6.3		1445	6.9		1425	5.8
	1939	-1.4		1952	-0.3		2100	-0.9		2033	0.2
W10	0148	7.0	T25	0200	6.0	S10	0313	7.0	S25	0245	6.2
	0759	-0.9		0809	0.1		0931	-0.7		0903	0.2
	1409	7.2		1416	6.0		1542	6.4		1511	5.6
	2030	-1.2		2032	-0.1		2155	-0.5		2117	0.3
T11	0242	6.9	F26	0242	5.9	S11	0410	6.7	M26	0333	6.1
	0856	-0.7		0855	0.3		1031	-0.4		0955	0.3
	1506	6.9		1502	5.7		1642	6.0		1603	5.4
	2125	-0.9		2114	0.1		2254	-0.2		2208	0.5
F12	0340	6.8	S27	0328	5.9	M12	0510	6.5	T27	0427	6.0
	0955	-0.5		0943	0.4		1134	-0.2		1052	0.4
	1604	6.5		1550	5.5		1745	5.8		1701	5.4
	2221	-0.6		2200	0.3		2355	0.1		2308	0.5
S13	0438	6.7	S28	0417	5.9	T13	0612	6.3	W28	0527	6.1
	1057	-0.4		1036	0.4		1237	-0.1		1153	0.3
	1706	6.2		1642	5.3		1848	5.6		1803	5.5
	2321	-0.4		2251	0.4						
S14	0538	6.7	M29	0509	5.9	W14	0056	0.2		0544	6.2
	1200	-0.3		1132	0.4		0713	6.3		1209	0.2
	1809	6.0		1738	5.3		1337	-0.1		1824	5.6
				2345	0.4		1949	5.6			
M15	0020	-0.2	T30	0604	6.1	T15	0154	0.2		0032	0.6
	0638	6.6		1230	0.2		0809	6.4		0646	6.1
	1302	-0.3		1836	5.4		1433	-0.2		1310	0.2
	1911	5.9					2043	5.7		1924	5.7
			W31	0042	0.2						
				0701	6.3						
				1325	0.0						
				1933	5.6						

FIG. 3. — Tides.

JANUARY			FEBRUARY			
DAY	SLACK WATER	MAXIMUM CURRENT	DAY	SLACK WATER	MAXIMUM CURRENT	
	Time	Time	Time	Time	Vel.	
	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	kn.	
M 1	0227	0211	T16	0029	0352	1.8f
	0531	0828		0638	0959	1.9e
	1154	1412		1256	1613	1.5f
	1736	2052		1842	2216	2.2e
T 2	0027	0318	W17	0123	0447	1.9f
	0627	0924		0736	1059	1.9e
	1247	1511		1352	1706	1.5f
	1829	2144		1936	2308	2.2e
W 3	0117	0413	T18	0215	0538	1.9f
	0720	1016		0826	1148	2.0e
	1338	1608		1444	1756	1.5f
	1921	2235		2024	2354	2.2e
T 4	0205	0501	F19	0301	0624	1.9f
	0809	1107		0911	1230	2.0e
	1429	1702		1529	1841	1.5f
	2012	2325		2108		
F 5	0253	0545	S20	0033	2.2e	
	0857	1157		0345	0706	1.9f
	1518	1753		0951	1306	2.0e
	2103			1611	1922	1.6f
S 6	0013	2.8e	S21	0108	2.2e	
	0341	0630		0425	0745	1.9f
	0944	1245		1028	1338	2.1e
	1607	1843		1652	1957	1.6f
	2152			2230		
S 7	0102	2.9e	M22	0142	2.2e	
	0428	0717		0504	0816	1.8f
	1032	1334		1104	1410	2.1e
	1656	1934		1731	2024	1.5f
	2243			2311		
M 8	0150	2.9e	T23	0217	2.2e	
	0517	0804		0543	0837	1.7f
	1120	1424		1140	1445	2.1e
	1747	2024		1810	2042	1.5f
	2335			2351		
T 9	0241	2.9e	W24	0254	2.1e	
	0606	0853		0622	0854	1.7f
	1209	1515		1216	1521	2.1e
	1839	2118		1850	2111	1.5f
W10	0027	0334	T25	0032	0333	2.0e
	0659	0944		0702	0926	1.6f
	1300	1607		1284	1559	2.1e
	1934	2214		1933	2149	1.5f
T11	0123	0428	F26	0116	0414	1.9e
	0754	1039		0745	1003	1.6f
	1352	1703		1334	1640	2.0e
	2030	2320		2018	2232	1.4f
F12	0222	0526	S27	0202	0459	1.8e
	0850	1143		0830	1048	1.5f
	1448	1802		1417	1725	2.0e
	2129			2105	2320	1.4f
S13	0053	1.8f	S28	0252	0547	1.7e
	0324	0629		0919	1135	1.4f
	0950	1257		1504	1815	2.0e
	1546	1903		2158		
	2229			2253		
S14	0145	1.8f	M29	0012	1.3f	
	0430	0738		0349	0642	1.6e
	1053	1408		1013	1228	1.3f
	1645	2009		1558	1910	2.0e
	2330			2253		
M15	0251	1.7f	T30	0109	1.4f	
	0536	0851		0447	0742	1.6e
	1156	1514		1111	1325	1.3f
	1745	2116		1655	2009	2.0e
				2348		
			W31	0213	1.5f	
				0547	0844	1.7e
				1210	1429	1.4f
				1755	2109	2.2e

FIG. 4. — Tidal Currents.