# NEW JAPANESE RESEARCH SHIP "TANSEI MARU"

The new Japanese research ship *Tansei Maru*, for the Ocean Research Institute of Tokyo University, was launched on March 1, 1963.



Fig. 1

the following are ner specifications:	
Length o.a.	40.00 m
Length b.p	$35.00  \mathbf{m}$
Breadth	7.40 m
Depth	3.70 m
Gross Tonnage	257.69 tons
Net Tonnage	69.94 tons
Maximum Speed	11.61 knots
Service Speed	10.00 knots
Main Engine (4-cycle supercharged diesel)	550 BHP
Fuel Oil Capacity	$80.00  \text{m}^3$

The Engine Room has a Control Console.

The propeller has three blades and variable pitch and is controlled from the Bridge Control Console.

Built by Mitsubishi, Shimonoseki Works.

#### NAVIGATION INSTRUMENTS

Gyro compass; Gyro compass repeater; Projector magnetic compass; Echo sounder; 10-inch diameter radar; Loran; Direction Finder.

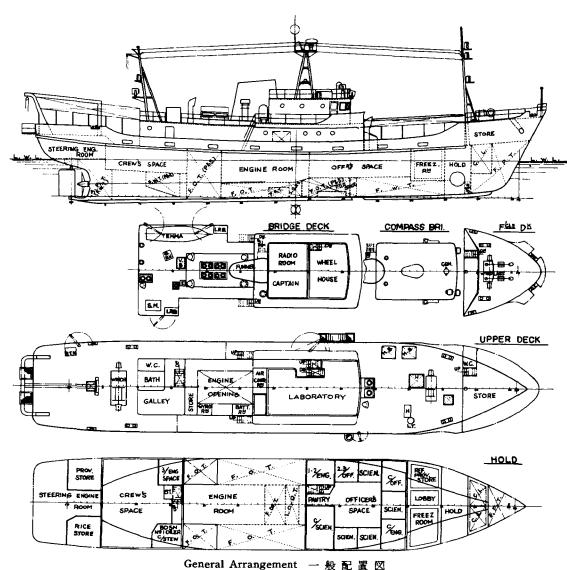


Fig. 2

#### RADIO INSTALLATION

Main transmitter 250 w; Second transmitter 75 w; All wave receiver; Short wave receiver; Facsimile; Public address system 30 w.

#### GENERATING SET

Two Main Diesel-generators 80 BHP, 55 KVA, 60 cycle, 230 V. One Auxiliary Diesel-generator 17 BHP, 10 KVA, 60 cycle, 230 V. One 3 kw DC Motor Generator.

3 Transformers 15 KVA.

#### PRINCIPAL AUXILIARY ENGINE

Two air compressors, and various water and fuel pumps.

The ship is equipped with an air-conditioning system.

To facilitate her handling she is fitted with a bow thruster housed in a Propeller Tunnel.



Fig. 3

#### RESEARCH FACILITIES

- 1. 10 000 m Hydrographic winch.
- 2. Davit for above.
- 3. Linehauler.
- 4. Magazine boxes for explosives.
- 5. Laboratory.
- 6. 1 000 m Hydrographic winch.
- 7. Davit for above.
- 8. 0.6 ton Derrick.
- 9. Deep sea winch (6 000 m) or Trawl winch (1 000 m  $\times$  2).

- 10. G.E.K. or Net vision winch.
- 11. B. T. winch.
- 12. Gantry.
- 13. Centre Girder.
- 14. Meteorological observation boom.
- 15. Nansen bottle rack.

## 1. 研究設備配置 Research Facilities

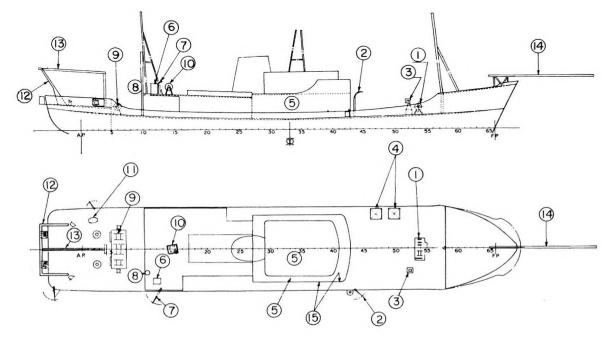


Fig. 4

#### WINCHES

## Hydrographic winch 10 000 m, 20 BHP

Wire:		
Length	Diameter	
4 000 m	3.3 mm	
2 000 m	4.1 mm	
1 700 m	4.6 mm	
1 300 m	5.0 mm	
1 000 m	5.5 mm	

Wire weight: 702 kg.

Maximum load: About 1500 kg.

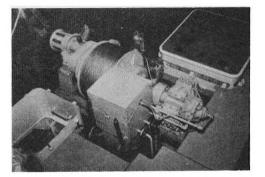


Fig. 5

Reeling speed:

with maximum load: 0.85 m/sec. with minimum load: 2.40 m/sec.

Hydraulic drive.

Deep Sea winch: 6000 m, 30 BHP.

Wire: Length 6 000 m; Diameter 9.14 mm

Wire weight: 1.9 tons. Strength: 6.1 tons.

Maximum load: 2500 kg.

Reeling speed:

maximum load: 0.47 m/sec. minimum load: 1.0 m/sec.

Hydraulic drive.

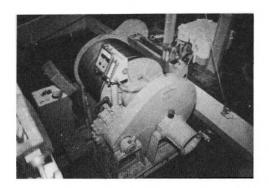


Fig. 6

Hydrographic winch: 1000 m; 5 BHP.

Wire: Length 1000 m;

Diameter 4 mm. Hydraulic drive.

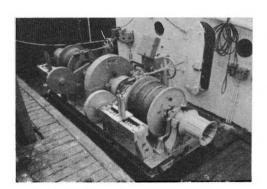


Fig. 8

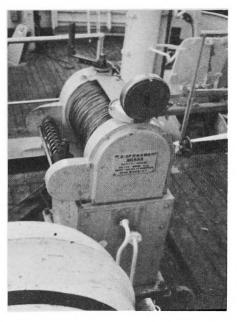


Fig. 7

Trawl winch: 30 BHP.

Wire: Length  $2 \times 1000$  m; Diameter 10 mm.

Weight: 430 kg. Strength: 7.3 tons.

Maximum load: 3.0 tons. Reeling speed: 0-0.4 m/sec.

Hydraulic drive.

### Netvision (or G.E.K.) winch: 5 BHP.

Maximum load: 250 kg.

Reeling speed:

maximum: 2.5 m/sec.

minimum: 0.2 m/sec.

Drum speed: 60 rpm.

Hydraulic drive.

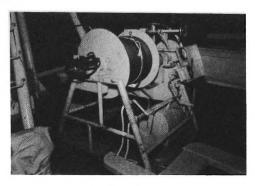


Fig. 9

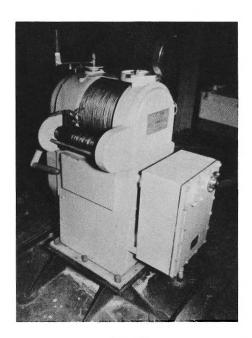
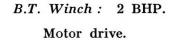
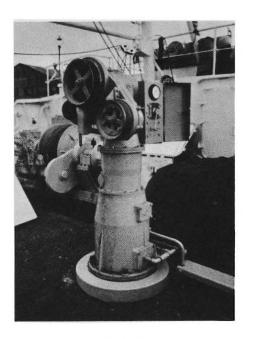


Fig. 10





Linehauler: 10 BHP.

Hydraulic drive.

Fig. 11

#### DEEP SEA ECHO SOUNDER

## Precision Depth Recorder (P.D.R.)

Range: 30-13 000 m. Accuracy: 1/5000. Frequency: 10 kc. Beam angle: 7°.

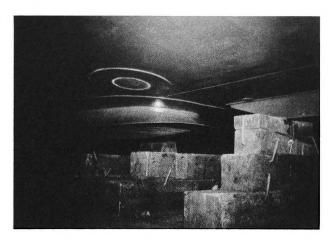


Fig. 12

## Shallow water echo sounder:

Range: 0-10 m; 0-100 m.

Accuracy: 1/1000. Frequency: 200 kc. Beam angle: 3°.