
Beyond the substantial selection of scholarly presentations, the conference offered an informal congeniality which encouraged discussion and social interaction. The restaurants of Caraque, surprised by an unexpected post-seasonal influx of tourists, bore up nobly. Local nightspots tolerated, with good humour for the most part, greying professors proving they could out-party upstart graduate students. And one noted historian, an occasional contributor to this publication, who hails from New Waterford, Cape Breton, was proud to announce he no longer feared fast ladies from Glace Bay wearing their dancin' shoes.

Peter E. Rider

**1983 Winterthur Conference,
"German-American Art and Culture,"
3-4 October 1983,
The Henry Francis
Du Pont Winterthur Museum,
Winterthur, Delaware.**

The theme of the biennial conference, "German-American Art and Culture," was selected to extend and enrich the current celebration of the 300th anniversary of German settlement in Pennsylvania, which has been observed in the region with a variety of special events and exhibits. The best known museum contribution to the Tricentennial has been the major exhibition "The Pennsylvania Germans: A Celebration of Their Arts, 1683-1850," co-sponsored by the Winterthur Museum and the Philadelphia Museum of Art. The exhibition, which opened in Philadelphia in October 1982, has been on tour this year in Houston, San Francisco, and Chicago. The recent Winterthur Conference opened by considering some of the same themes explored in Philadelphia and then extended its scholarly reach into the late nineteenth century and the American Midwest.

The two-day conference examined several elements of German-American art and culture to find distinctive ethnic patterns of behaviour, and to watch how such patterns changed or persisted in new settlements as they matured. Architecture, furniture, prints, and painting were all considered as the conference followed a rough temporal progression from the vernacular domestic architecture of the first settlers to the professional interior designs of Germans exhibiting at the 1893 St. Louis World's Fair.

The conference proceeded smoothly and quickly from topic to topic, assisted by well-informed session coordinators and by speakers who were at ease with their material

and the slides they presented. Among the most valuable and informative lectures were those by W.W. Weaver on the architecture of the Pennsylvania German house, and by W. H. Pierson Jr. on German influence in the nineteenth-century architectural designs of Richard Upjohn.

A few of the presentations were limited in their usefulness, either by a too narrow focus or by awkward handling of the material presented. It was disappointing to see that no speaker was present to remind the conference of the considerable early German settlement in Ontario, much of it channelled through Pennsylvania in the late eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries. None the less, Michael Bird's and Terry Kobayashi's, *A Splendid Harvest: Germanic Folk and Decorative Arts in Canada* (Toronto: Van Nostrand Reinhold, 1981), was available at the conference and should provide an especially valuable resource for scholars in Pennsylvania this year, when so much attention is being focused on the region's German heritage.

The Winterthur Conference was held concurrently with a four-day symposium on German-American political and social history, held at the German Department of the University of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia. In addition, the Winterthur Museum is planning to collect and publish the conference papers, and is about to issue a major thematic catalogue of its own related artifact collections. The catalogue is entitled *Arts of the Pennsylvania Germans* and will be published by W.W. Norton in November 1983. These added scholarly projects should help to extend the influence and value of the conference for many years to come.

Janet Houghton McIntyre

**Bibliographie sur l'art et
l'architecture au Canada/
Art and Architecture in Canada:
A Bibliography**

Le Conseil de recherches en sciences humaines du Canada a accordé une subvention de 75 000\$ par an, pour deux ans, à Mary Williamson, bibliographe en beaux-arts de l'université York et à Loren Singer, bibliothécaire en arts plastiques de l'université Concordia. Toutes deux auront pour tâche de préparer un guide documentaire de référence sur l'art et l'architecture au Canada. Plusieurs personnes participeront à ce projet, notamment des employés des Musées nationaux du Canada, de Parcs Canada, des Archives publiques du Canada, et de divers musées et universités se spécialisant dans le domaine de l'art et de l'architecture du Canada.

La bibliographie comprendra environ 8000 articles annotés tirés de livres, de catalogues d'expositions, d'essais, de revues, de publications du gouvernement et de thèses publiés au cours de deux cents ou trois cents années au Canada et à l'étranger. Cet ouvrage se subdivisera en sections ou chapitres généraux: généralités, art des autochtones, architecture, sculpture, peinture et gravure, arts graphiques, arts décoratifs, art populaire et photographie. Chaque section sera précédée d'une table des matières détaillée. Un index des auteurs, des titres et des sujets complétera l'ouvrage.

Cette bibliographie sera bilingue. Les introductions au volume et à ses différentes sections ainsi que les tables des matières le seront également. Les articles en anglais seront annotés en anglais et ceux en français le seront en français. Les articles rédigés en d'autres langues feront l'objet de courtes notes en anglais et en français. Tous les articles seront indexés par sujet tant en français qu'en anglais.

L'ouvrage devrait paraître en 1986. Pour de plus amples détails, prière de s'adresser à Loren Singer, bibliothèque Norris N-422, université Concordia, 1455 boul. de Maisonneuve ouest, Montréal (Québec) H3G 1M8 ou à Mary Williamson, York University, Scott Library, 4700 Keele St., Downsview, Ontario, M3J 2R2, Canada.

The Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council of Canada has awarded Mary Williamson, Fine Arts bibliographer of York University, and Loren Singer, Visual Arts librarian of Concordia University, a two-year grant of \$75,000 per annum to prepare a reference guide to the

literature of art and architecture in Canada. Contributors from the National Museums of Canada, Parks Canada, the Public Archives of Canada, and museums and universities specializing in Canadian art and architecture will participate in the project.

The bibliography will include approximately 8,000 annotated entries selected from books, exhibition catalogues, essays, journals, government publications, and theses published during two to three hundred years in Canada and abroad. It will be divided into broad classified sections or chapters: General, Art of the Native Americans, Architecture, Sculpture, Painting and Art Media, Graphic Arts, Decorative Arts, Folk Art, and Photography. Each section will be preceded by a detailed table of contents outlining the organization of the section. An author and subject index following the main body of the bibliography will provide detailed access to names, titles, and subjects.

The bibliography will be a bilingual publication. The general and sectional introductions and tables of contents will be in English and French. English language entries will be annotated in English and French language entries will be annotated in French. Entries in other languages will be briefly annotated in both English and French. All entries will be indexed by subject in both English and French.

Intended date of publication is 1986. For further information contact Loren Singer, Norris Library N-422, Concordia University, 1455 de Maisonneuve Blvd. W., Montreal, Quebec, H3G 1M8, or Mary Williamson, York University, Scott Library, 4700 Keele St., Downsview, Ontario, M3J 2R2.